

5. 家族の多文化・多民族化をめぐる可能性

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東アジアにおける結婚移住現象は、結婚や家族のあり方について大きく異なった期待をもったまま家族形成を始めた男女が直面しているさまざまなリスクとその克服の仕方や、彼らが開きつつある可能性を巡って展開している。2000年代に入り、韓国と台湾は法制化を伴う多文化家族支援に大きく踏み出した。本報告では首都圏と新潟、長野における結婚移住者の聞き取り調査に基づき、トランスナショナルな親族ネットワークを含めた家族の多様性をもつ「多文化社会」に向けた可能性と移民政策への示唆について考えたい。

＜キーワード：結婚移住者、多文化家族、トランスナショナルネットワーク＞

The Social Impact of Families with Multicultural and Multi-ethnic Roots

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In East Asia, marriage migrants and their families are exploring new social possibilities but at the same time coping with various risks rooted in the mutually incompatible expectations concerning the values of marriage and families they have inherited from the societies of their distinct origins. In the 2000s, South Korea and Taiwan have taken legal steps for establishing an institutional arrangement to support transnational marriage couples. Based on the in-depth interviews of marriage migrants in Tokyo, Niigata and Nagano, this paper examines the width and depth of the historical trend those families have been creating, including their transnational networks. Thereby, it explores the implications of the emerging trend for both immigration policy and the social transformation of Japan into a multicultural society.

Keywords: marriage migrants, families with multicultural and multi-ethnic roots, transnational networks